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M.Sc. (Third Semester) EXAMINATION, Dec. - Jan., 2021-22 CHEMISTRY Paper Second (Chemistry of Biomolecules)

[Time: Three Hours] [Maximum Marks: 80]

[Minimum Pass marks: 16]

Note: Attempt all questions as directed.

Section - A (Objective/Multiple Choice Questions) (1 mark each)

Note: Attempt all questions.

- 1. Select the correct statement of the following:
 - (a) Fe (III) will not reduce easily in presence of CN⁻.
 - (b) ΔG will negative in exergonic reaction.
 - (c) ΔG will positive in endergonic reaction.
 - (d) Oxy-haemocyanin is paramagnetic and colourless.

- (A) a, b and c
- (B) b and c
- (C) b, c and d
- (D) All a, b, c and d
- 2. Select the correct statement of the following:
 - (a) The biological function of cytochrome P 450 is epoxidation of olifins.
 - (b) In the catalytic cycle the oxidation of Fe are II, III, IV and V.
 - (c) The colour of haemoglobin is due to π to π *.
 - d) Raman frequency of O₂ in oxy-heamoglobin is 1100 cm⁻¹.
 - (A) a and d
 - (B) a, b and d
 - (C) a, c and d
 - (D) All a, b, c and d
- 3. Select the correct statement of the following:
 - (a) Hemoglobin Contain four-six member ring and four-five memberring.
 - (b) If CN- bind with cobalt the Co (II) has magnetic moment of 4 and paramagnetic.
 - (c) If CN-bind with cobalt the Co(II) has magnetic

moment of 2 and paramagnetic.

- (d) The active site of oxy-heamocyanin will show john teller distortion.
- (A) a, c and d
- (B) a, b and d
- (C) a and b
- (D) a and c
- 4. Select the correct statement of the following:
 - (a) Production of ATP during aerobic respiration is an example of endergonic reaction.
 - (b) In the cytochrome P- 450 catalytic cycle, at the first step Fe has microstate of 252.
 - (c) Fe²⁺ has term symbol of ⁵D₄.
 - (d) Myoglobin can transport 4 O₂ molecule.
 - (A) a, and c
 - (B) a, b and c
 - (C) a, c and d
 - (D) All a, b, c and d
- 5. Select the correct statement of superoxide dismutage:
 - (a) Serve as antioxidant defensive enzyme against oxidative stress.
 - (b) The active site of isoform of SOD-2 is Mn.
 - (c) The Cu²⁺ has microstate of 10 and ²D term

symbol.

- (d) Reaction of superoxide and superoxide dismutase is first order kinetic.
- (A) a and d
- (B) a, c and d
- (C) a and b
- (D) All a, b, c and d
- 6. Choose the correct statement of the following:
 - (a) Cytochrome c is a redox protein and electron carrier.
 - (b) Graphene oxide can behave as exo-receptor.
 - (c) Crown ether can behave as endo-receptor.
 - (d) Diastereomers will obtain if already a chiral centre exist in prochiral molecule.
 - (A) a, c and d
 - (B) a, b and c
 - (C) a and c
 - (D) All a, b, c and d
- 7. Choose the correct statement of the following:
 - (a) CN- bind more stronger than CO with Fe.
 - (b) CO bind more stronger than CN- with Fe.
 - (c) Calixarine is made by phenol monomer unit.
 - (d) Beta cyclodextrin is made by beta 1-4 linkase.

- (e) In enzyme the zinc activates H₂O and provide zinc bound hydroxide.
- (A) a, b and c
- (B) a, c and e
- (C) b, c and e
- (D) a, c, d and e
- 8. Choose the correct statement -
 - (a) Cytochrome P-450 act as monooxygenases and catalase the insertion of O into a C-H bond.
 - (b) The magnetic moment is 6 before losing of H₂O molecule in Cytochrome P-450.
 - (c) The term symbol of active site in Cytochrome P- 450 before losing of H₂O molecule is ²G.
 - (d) The term symbol of active site in Cytochrome P-450 before losing of H₂O molecule is ⁶S.
 - (A) a, b and d
 - (B) a, b and c
 - (C) a and c
 - (D) a and d
- 9. Choose the correct statement of the following:
 - (a) Carbonic anhydrase is an example of hydrolysis enzyme.
 - (b) The reaction of carbonic anhydrase and CO₂ is

- example of electrophilic addition reaction.
- (c) Fe-O binding is shorter than Co-O in FeMb or CoMb.
- (d) CO has bond order of 3.
- (A) a and b
- (B) a, b and d
- (C) a, b and c
- (D) All a, b, c and d
- 10. Choose the correct statement:
 - (a) The oxidation of Mo is +VI and diamagnetic in xanthine oxidase enzyme.
 - (b) P-450 is named in cytochrome due to LMCT.
 - (c) Cyclodextrin behave as inclusion complex.
 - (d) C₂₀ is known as smallest fullerene.
 - (A) a, b and d
 - (B) b, c and d
 - (C) a, c and d
 - (D) All a, b, c and d
- 11. Choose the correct statement -
 - (a) The activation energy of reaction is lowered so that a fewer substrate molecule can overcome it.
 - (b) A competitive inhibitor of enzyme of an enzyme is

usually a metal ion usually Hg²⁺ or Pb²⁺.

- (c) An enzyme lowers the free energy difference be tween substrate (s) and product (s) but it cannot change the equilibrium position of the reaction it catalyses.
- (d) An enzyme cannot change the equilibrium position of the reaction it catalyses but it lowers the energy of activation of that reaction.
- (A) a, b and c
- (B) b and c
- (C) b and d
- (D) b, c and d

12. Choose the incorrect statement:

- (a) NAD+ is the initial electron acceptor in many meta bolic oxidation reactions.
- (b) The separation of proteins by isoelectric focusing is only based on charge.
- (c) Mass spectrometry involves the separation of ionic fragments on a gel.
- (d) Cathepsin D is not cysteine active site of protease
- (A) a, and b
- (B) b and c
- (C) b, c and d
- (D) All a, b, c and d

13. Choose the correct option:

- (a) A proton moves from the serine to the histidine side chain in the catalytic triad of chymotrypsin.
- (b) Gel-filtration chromatography separates proteins on their ability to bind to specific groups on the column matrix.
- (c) Modern hypothesis about enzyme action is called induced-fit hypothesis.
- (d) Proteins separated by isoelectric focusing can be tested for biological activity.
- (A) a, and c
- (B) a, b and d
- (C) a, c and d
- (D) All a, b, c and d

14. Restriction enzyme are also called-

- (a) K_m , the Michaelis constant, is expressed in terms of the reaction velocity.
- (b) K_m, the Michaelis constant, is a measure of the affinity the enzyme has for its substrate Molecular scissors.
- (c) The V_{max} for a reaction remains unchanged in the presence of a competitive inhibitor.
- (d) The V_{max} and K_{m} (Michaelis constant) for a reaction are unchanged in the presence of a

competitive inhibitor.

- (A) a and b
- (B) b and c
- (C) b, c and d
- (D) All a, b, c and d

15. Choose the correct option -

- (a) Enzyme do not alter the over all change in free energy for a reaction.
- (b) Enzyme enhance the rate of reaction by lowering the activation energy.
- (c) The nucleophile is in serine proteases is serine and water.
- (d) Holoenzyme produced with the combination of epoenzyme and coenzyme.
- (A) a and b
- (B) a, b and d
- (C) b and d
- (D) All a, b, c and d

16. Choose the correct statement:

- (a) In vitamin B_{12,} one-five membered ring and three six membered.
- (b) Ca2+ released into a myofibril by the action of a nerve

impulse binds to a site on troponin to initiate con traction.

- (c) Na and K pump are example of active transport.
- (d) Digestion of starch by α amylase is an ender gonic process.
- (A) a, b and c
- (B) b, c and d
- (C) b and c
- (D) All a, b, c and d
- 17. Which of the following statements about the mechanism of the Na⁺/K⁺ pump are not correct?
 - (a) The Na⁺/K⁺ATPase uses energy to pump Na⁺ out side the cell and K⁺ inside.
 - (b) The Na⁺/K⁺ ATPase use energy to pump Na⁺ inside the cell and K⁺ outside.
 - (c) The Na⁺/K⁺ ATPase use energy to bind both Na⁺ and K⁺ in turn.
 - (d) The phosphorylation of the Na⁺/K⁺ATPase does not change its conformation.
 - (A) Only a
 - (B) a and b
 - (C) b, c and d
 - (D) a,c and d

- 18. Which of the following statements are not correct?
 - (a) Cell theory is not applicable to virus.
 - (b) Cell membranes retain the contents of cells.
 - (c) Symport movement is bidirectional.
 - (d) Cell membranes are permeable to most inorganic ions.
 - (A) a and d
 - (B) b and c
 - (C) b, c and d
 - (D) c and d
- 19. Choose the incorrect statement:
 - (a) 3 Na⁺ and 2K⁺ are involved in sodium potassium pump.
 - (b) 2 Na+ and 3K+ are involved in sodium potassium pump.
 - (c) K⁺ can be trap by [18] crown-6.
 - (d) Na⁺ cannot be trap by [15] crown -5.
 - (A) a and c
 - (B) a and d
 - (C) b and d
 - (D) a, c and d
- 20. Choose the correct statement:
 - (a) Calcium can make complex with EDTA due to hard-hard interaction.
 - (b) Thin filaments of skeletal muscle have plus and

minus ends.

- (c) Fatty acid activation requires energy in the from of ATP.
- (d) Calcium can make complex with EDTA due to hardsoft interaction.
- (A) b and c
- (B) a, b and c
- (C) b, c and d
- (D) a, b and d

Section - B

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

(2 marks each)

Note: Attempt all questions.

- 1. How will you define any reaction is exergonic?
- 2. Explain how cytochrome act as redox protein?
- 3. What do you mean by exoreceptor? Explain with suitable example.
- 4. How will you prepare calixarene? Write a reaction.
- 5. Define competitive inhibition with suitable example.
- 6. How many stereoisomers is possible in riboflavin?
- 7. Define the hydrophobic force in biopolymers.
- 8. What do you mean by reverse osmosis? Explain with suitable example.

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Section - C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

(3 marks each)

Note: Attempt all questions.

- 1. If both heamoglobin and myoglobin bind oxygen reversibly why are their binding curves qualitatively different?
- 2. How do you explain the magnetic behaviour in iron-sulphur protein $[Fe_{a}S_{a}]$.
- 3. Why Zinc is so valuable in biology relative to other metals?
- 4. What do you mean by partial asymmetric synthesis? Explain with suitable reactions.
- 5. What kind of reaction take place during induced-fit mechanism? Explain with suitable example.
- 6. Discuss the importance of Michaelis-Menten equation in enzyme chemistry.
- 7. Explain the ion binding mechanism in valinomycin.
- 8. What will happen when concentration of Na ion disbalance in body?

Section - D

(Long Answer Type Questions)

(5 marks each)

Note: Attempt all questions.

- 1. Explain the following:
 - (a) The electron transfer reaction in Co substituted cy tochrome-c in place of Fe. Explain the rate different.
 - (b) Discuss the chemistry of ${\rm O_2}$ binding in copperenzyme.

OR

Discuss the following:

- (a) Why IR/Raman spectroscopy is best suited method for the verification of oxidation state of O₂ ligand?
- (b) Explain the binding mechanism of CO in biological system.
- Which metalloenzymes are responsible for the removal of hydrogen peroxides? Discuss their active site structure and function.

OR

Discuss the following:

- (a) How do you classify superoxide dismutase?
- (b) How could you decide any molecule as endoreceptor? Give suitable example.
- 3. Discuss the four principal components of vitamin B12 complex.

OR

Discuss the following:

- (a) How do you prepare aldehyde from alcohol using enzyme?
- (b) Explain the biological function of non-aromatic co-enzyme A.
- 4. Explain molecular mechanism of ion transport across membrane.

OR

Discuss the following:

- (a) Gibbs Donnan effect
- (b) Explain the irreversible thermodynamic treatment of membrane transport.